





Getting Data Center Energy Management Started with Profiler Tools

9/20/2016

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Before We Begin

- Please do NOT put the call on hold
- All lines have been muted, to be unmuted or to ask a question, please go to your meeting controls panel and raise your hand
- To submit questions via chat, click the chat button in the top right of your screen and a text box will appear in the bottom right. Please select to send your message to Elena Meehan, enter text, and press enter.
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- Attendees can receive a certificate of completion by filling out an evaluation form, link provided at the end of the presentation.

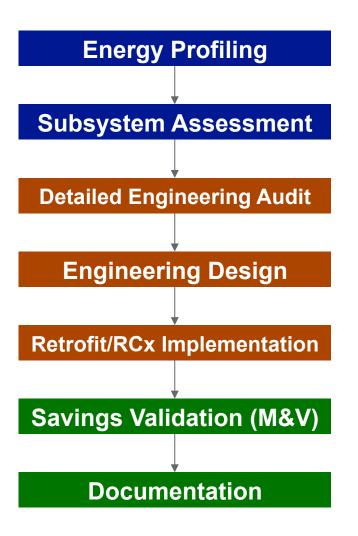


Agenda

- Energy Management
- Profiling and Subsystem Assessment
- Data Center Profiler (DC Pro)Tools
- Live Demo
- Resources
- Questions



Energy Management



Data center profiling provides an initial assessment of how energy is used in your data center and subsystem assessments provide more detailed insight. Both activities are conducted by agency staff or consultants.

Audits, design, and the implementation of energy efficiency measures are facilitated by engineering firms and contractors.

Measurement and Verification (M&V) is conducted by site personnel and engineering firms to confirm and track performance. M&V is key for continuous improvement.



Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Tools

- DC Pro and PUE Estimator
- Early stage scoping tools
- Free, secure, web-based
- On the Center of Expertise for Energy Efficiency in Data Centers website (CoE)
- datacenters.lbl.gov



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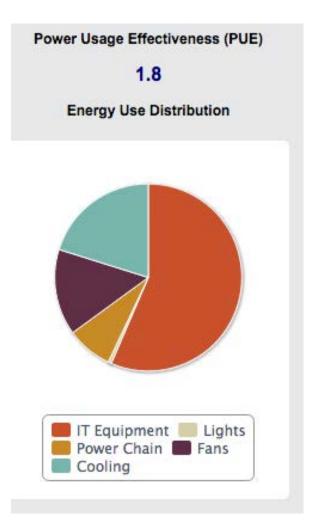
DC Pro Tools - Background

- Sponsored by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)
- Hosted by Lawrence Berkeley National Lab (LBNL, Berkeley Lab)
- Core development team
 - LBNL
 - ANCIS Incorporated
 - Integral Group
 - Hewlett Packard
 - Taylor Engineering
 - Kemtah (software)
- Wide array of reviewers
 - Data center owners
 - Design professionals
 - Product manufacturers



DC Pro Tools – DC Pro & PUE Estimator

- DC Pro (V4, 2016)
 - Estimates current and potential PUE and energy use distribution
 - Tailored recommended actions to start an improvement process
 - Requires a login, saves data
- PUE Estimator (V1, 2016)
 - Quick, simplified version of DC Pro
 - Only asks questions that affect PUE
 - Does not provide potential PUE or recommended actions
 - No login, doesn't save data
- datacenters.lbl.gov/dcpro

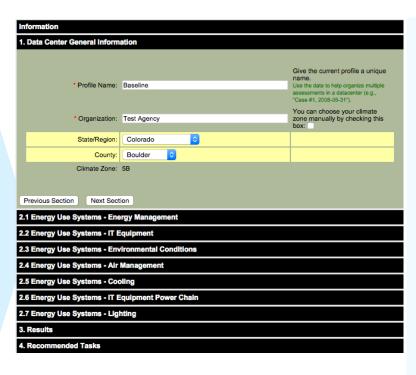




DC Pro Tools – DC Pro

INPUTS

- General Facility Description
- Environmental Conditions
- System information
 - IT
 - Air Management
 - Cooling
 - Power
 - Lighting



OUTPUTS

- Current PUE
- Potential PUE
- Current Energy Use Distribution
- Potential Energy
 Use Distribution
- Recommended tasks for improvement



DC Pro Tools – DC Pro Outputs

-2	A	В	С
1	Current PUE: 1.8		
2	12 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W 1 W		
3	Potential PUE: 1.2		
5		Current Energy Use	Potential Energy Use
6	Energy Use Distribution	%	%
7	IT Equipment	56.3	83.5
8	Lights	0.6	0.1
9	Power Chain	10.3	1.7
10	Fans	13.8	6.4
11	Cooling	19.1	8.3
12	Task	Description	3
13	Configure equipment in straight lineups (rows) for hot/cold aisles and cable management	Since straight equipment lineups are generally a prerequisite to alternating hot and cold aisles, it should have a very high priority. Straight lineups also allow structured cable management.	
14	Use appropriate overhead diffusers	The generally high pressure drops across the end devices (diffusers) and low pressure losses in the distribution system (ductwork) promote high air stability. Stability means that the system can be balanced successfully and that external disturbances have limited impact on that balance. In addition, the diffusers should have characteristics promoting penetration of the supply air into the cold aisles.	
15	Use adequate ratio system flow to rack flow (target 1.0 or RTI=100%)	Ideally, the total flow rate of air delivered by the cooling equipment fans is equal to the total flow rate of the IT equipment fans, and no air bypasses the racks or recirculates in the racks. When balancing the data center air flow, aim for this ideal.	

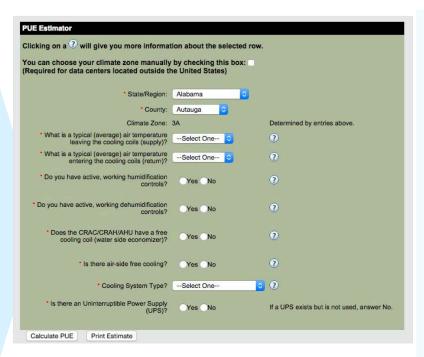
Excel and PDF



DC Pro Tools - PUE Estimator

INPUTS

- One input screen
- Only questions needed to estimate PUE



OUTPUTS

- Current PUE
- Current Energy Use Distribution



DC Pro Tools – PUE Estimator Outputs

2	A	В
1 PUE:	1.4	
2		
3	Energy Use Distribution	%
4	Energy Osc Distribution	, and the second
5	IT Equipment	69
6	Lights	0.7
7	Power Chain	1.4
8	Fans	20.3
9	Cooling	8.6
10	-30-210	**
11		
12		

Excel and PDF



Live Demo: DC Pro Tools

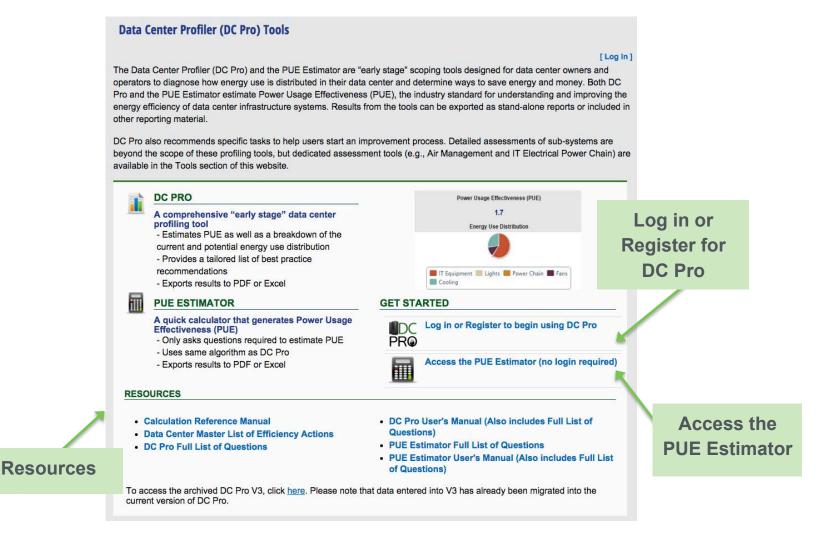
DC Pro Tools



CoE website: datacenters.lbl.gov



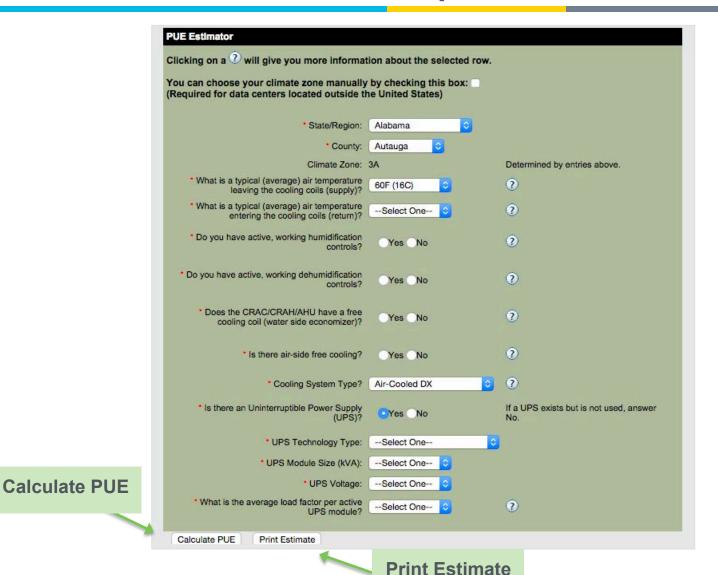
Live Demo: DC Pro Tools – Access



DC Pro Tools Homepage: datacenters.lbl.gov/dcpro

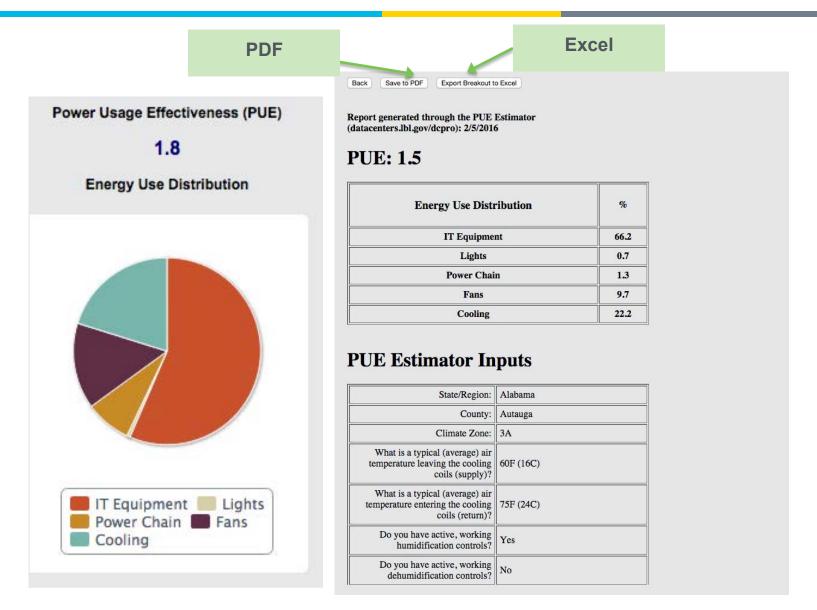


Live Demo: PUE Estimator – Input Data

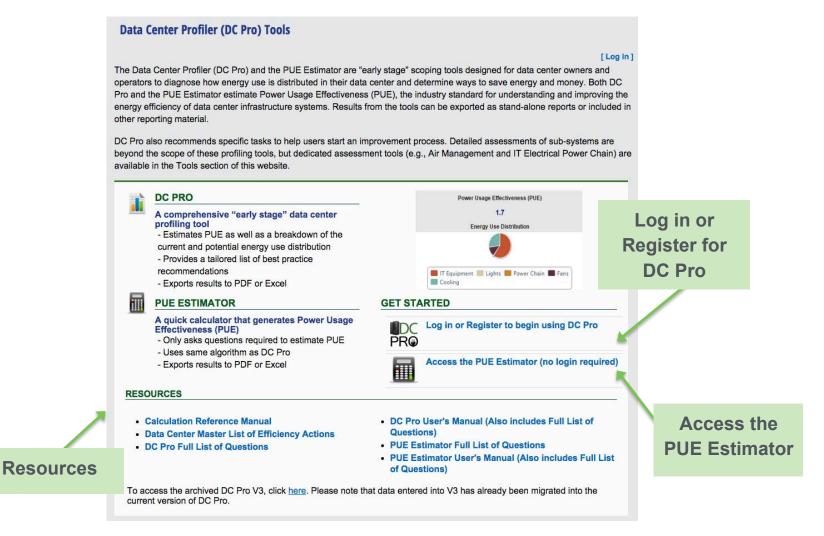


ENERGY Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

Live Demo: PUE Estimator – Results



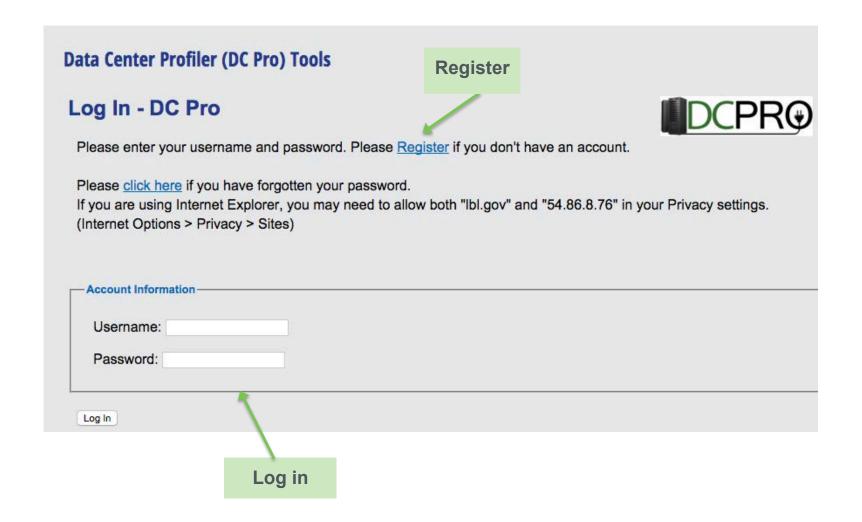
Live Demo: DC Pro Tools - Access



DC Pro Tools Homepage: datacenters.lbl.gov/dcpro

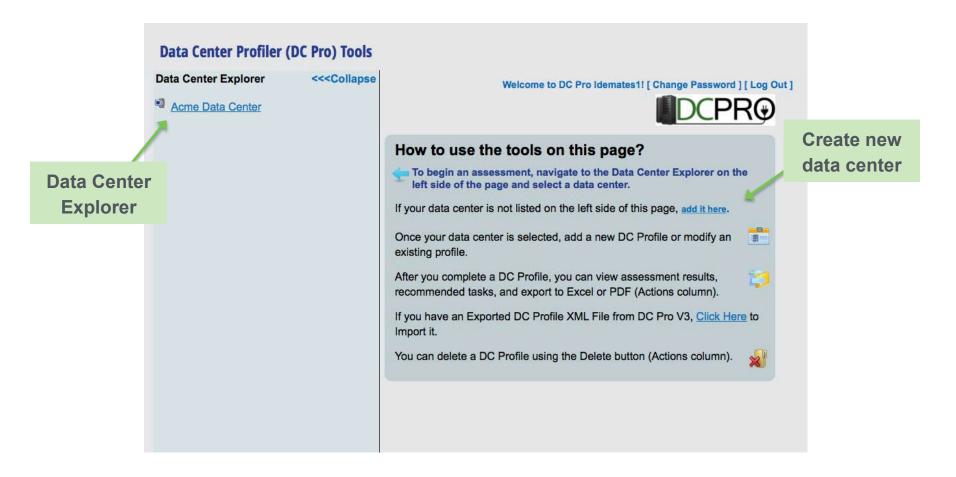


Live Demo: DC Pro – Log in/Register



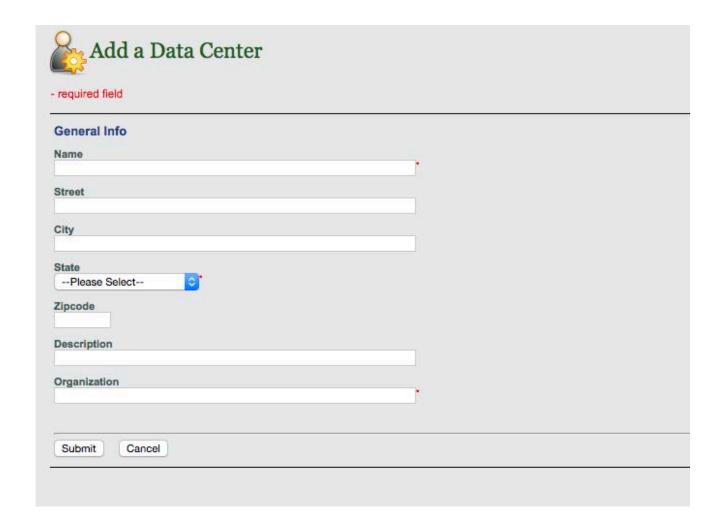


Live Demo: DC Pro – Data Center Records



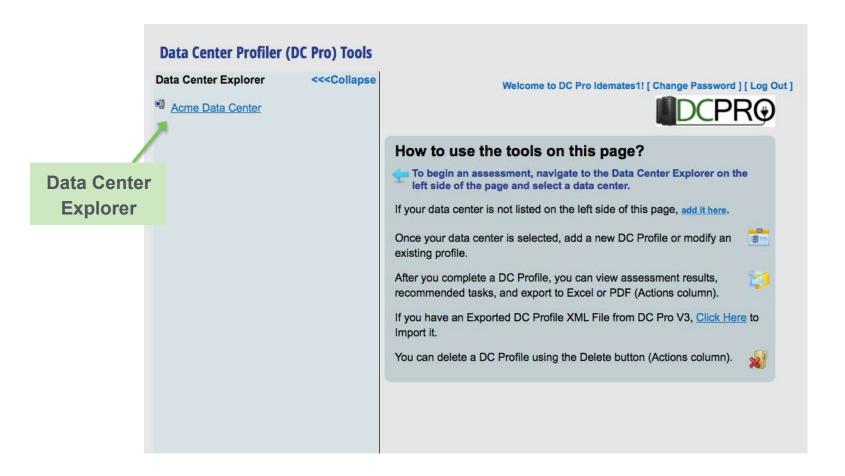


Live Demo: DC Pro – New Data Center





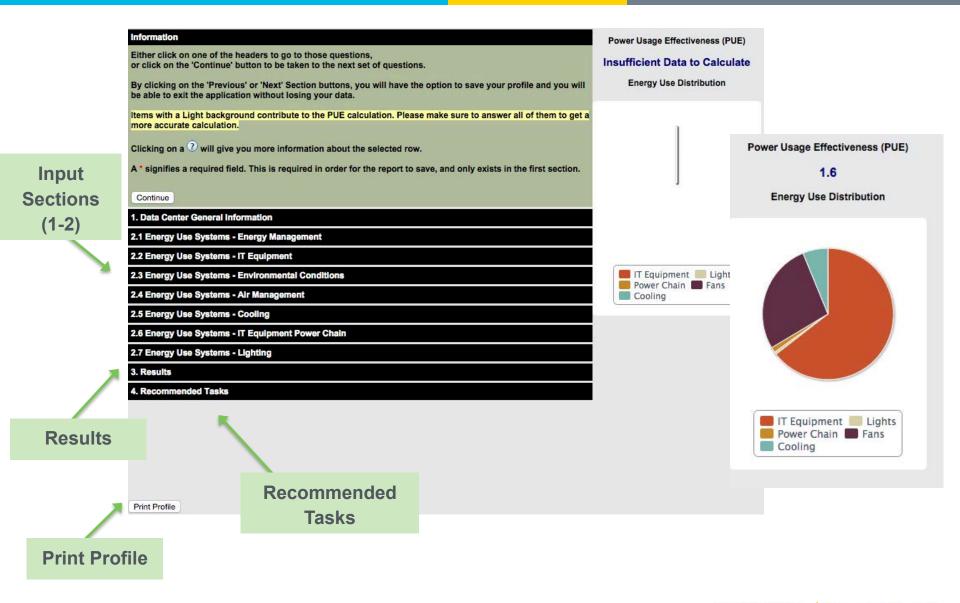
Live Demo: DC Pro – Data Center Records



Live Demo: DC Pro – New DC Profile



Live Demo: DC Pro – DC Profile



Live Demo: DC Pro - Results

3. Results

Current PUE: 1.6

Potential PUE: 1.2

Energy Use Distribution	Current Energy Use	Potential Energy Use	
Energy ode Distribution	%	%	
IT Equipment	64.5	86.2	
Lights	0.6	0.1	
Power Chain	1.3	1.7	
Fans	27.4	8.6	
Cooling	6.2	3.4	

Previous Section

Next Section



Live Demo: DC Pro – Tasks

Task	Description		
Configure equipment in straight lineups (rows) for hot/cold aisles and cable management	Since straight equipment lineups are generally a prerequisite to alternating hot and cold aisles, it should have a very high priority. Straight lineups also allow structured cable management.		
Use adequate ratio system flow to rack flow (target 1.0 or RTI=100%)	Ideally, the total flow rate of air delivered by the cooling equipment fans is equal to the total flow rate of the IT equipment fans, and no air bypasses the racks or recirculates in the racks. When balancing the data center air flow, aim for this ideal.		
Balance the air- distribution system (diffusers/tiles)	Over-head ducted systems can be adequately balanced using conventional methods whereas raised-floor systems are balanced by using "enough" perforated tiles. The latter often becomes more an art rather than science, especially since the pressure difference across the floor is small.		
Implement an air- balancing program	Generally, the supply flow should closely match the equipment flow. The Return Temperature Index (RTI) is a measure of by-pass air or recirculation air. Both are detrimental to the performance of the data center. The target is 100% whereas >100% implies recirculation air and <100% implies by-pass air.		
	Basic cooling systems simply circulate air through the space to be cooled, mechanically		



Live Demo: DC Pro - Export

Report generated through the DC Pro Tool (datacenters.lbl.gov/dcpro): 2/5/2016

Back Save to PDF Export Results to Excel

Current PUE: 1.5

Potential PUE: 1.1

Fuores Use Distribution	Current Energy Use	Potential Energy Use
Energy Use Distribution	%	%
IT Equipment	67	88.5
Lights	0.7	0.1
Power Chain	1.3	1.8
Fans	14.1	9.5
Cooling	16.9	0.1

Task	Description
Place supply devices in cold aisles only	If the IT racks are arranged in alternating hot and cold aisles, it is important to prevent warm air from diluting the cold air in the cold aisles. This reduces the ability of the cold air to do useful cooling. Likewise, it is important to prevent cold air from diluting the warm air in the hot aisles. Again, this takes away the ability of the diluting cold air to do useful cooling. Additionally, cooling equipment capacity depends on the temperature of the warm air it receives. In most cases, the warmer the return air, the greater the cooling capacity. Diluting the warm return air impairs cooling capacity. There should be no reason to place supply air tiles or diffusers in the hot aisles.
Use appropriate overhead diffusers	The generally high pressure drops across the end devices (diffusers) and low pressure losses in the distribution system (ductwork) promote high air stability. Stability means that the system can be balanced successfully and that external disturbances have limited impact on that balance. In addition, the diffusers should have characteristics promoting penetration of the supply air into the cold aisles.



PDF

Resources

- DC Pro Tools homepage: <u>datacenters.lbl.gov/dcpro</u>
 - User's Manuals and detailed Calculation Reference Manual
 - Lists of Questions
 - Master List of Energy Efficiency Actions
- Center of Expertise website: datacenters.lbl.gov
 - Information on best practice technologies and strategies (Technologies)
 - Tools covering areas such as air management and writing an energy assessment report (Tools)
 - Database of resources including reports, guides, case studies (Resources)
 - Need assistance? (Contact Us)
- Data Center Energy Practitioner (DCEP) training (includes DC Pro): datacenters.lbl.gov/dcep



Data Centers: Part of the Better Buildings Family

Better Buildings Challenge

DOE-leadership initiative to make commercial, industrial buildings, data centers & multifamily housing 20%+ more efficient in 10 years

Data center partners commit to increasing the energy efficiency of their entire data center and building portfolio by at least 20% within 10 years and share their implementation model, annual progress, at least one showcase project and results.

Better Buildings Data Center Accelerator

Partners commit to improve the energy efficiency of one or more data centers by at least 25% within 5 years, track and share progress, and showcase a project. The Accelerator is a shorter-term effort covering 2014-2019.



Why Sign Up?

- Leverage DOE resources
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- Gain recognition
- 20% to 40% reductions in energy cost with short paybacks

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Data Center Partner Roster – 34 partners







































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Questions?

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- Slides will be available at <u>datacenterworkshop.lbl.gov</u>
- For content-related questions after the webinar, please use the Contact Us form on the Center of Expertise website: datacenters.lbl.gov/contact

